

基礎物理化学(熱力学) (担当教員: 林 重彦)

レポート 二回目 略解

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[問題 1]

$$\text{物質質量 } n = \frac{pV}{RT} = \frac{1.00 \text{ atm} \times 15 \text{ L}}{8.21 \times 10^{-2} \text{ L atm K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1} \times 250 \text{ K}} = 0.731 \text{ mol}$$

$$\Delta S = nR \ln \frac{V_i}{V_f} \text{ より、}$$

$$V_f = V_i \exp\left(\frac{\Delta S}{nR}\right) = 15 \text{ dm}^3 \times \exp\left(\frac{-10.0 \text{ J K}^{-1}}{0.731 \text{ mol} \times 8.31 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}}\right) = 2.89 \text{ dm}^3$$

[問題 2]

$$\text{水のモル質量 } M = 2 \times 1.01 \text{ g mol}^{-1} + 16.0 \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 18.2 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$$

$$\text{物質質量 } n = 100 \text{ g} / 18.02 \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 5.55 \text{ mol}$$

圧力一定なので、 $\Delta H = q$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta S &= \int_{T_i}^{T_f} \frac{dq_{rev}}{T} = \int_{T_i}^{T_f} \frac{dH}{T} = nC_{p,m} \int_{T_i}^{T_f} \frac{dT}{T} = nC_{p,m} \ln \frac{T_f}{T_i} \\ &= 75.5 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1} \times 5.55 \text{ mol} \times \ln \frac{310 \text{ K}}{293 \text{ K}} = 23.6 \text{ J K}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

[問題 3]

(a)

$$\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S = -125 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} - 310 \text{ K} \times -126 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1} = -85.9 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$

(b)  $\Delta G < 0$  より、自発的变化

$$(c) \Delta S_{total} = -\Delta G/T = 85.9 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} / 310 \text{ K} = 0.277 \text{ kJ K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

[問題 4]

$$dw = \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)_y dx + \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)_x dy \text{ より}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)_z = \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)_y + \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)_x \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}\right)_z$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)_z = \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)_y \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y}\right)_z + \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)_x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial w}\right)_z}{\left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial w}\right)_z} &= \frac{\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)_y \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y}\right)_z + \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)_x}{\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)_y + \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)_x \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}\right)_z} \\ &= \frac{\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)_y \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y}\right)_z + \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)_x}{\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)_y \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y}\right)_z + \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)_x} \times \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y}\right)_z \\ &= \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y}\right)_z \end{aligned}$$

[問題 5]

(a)

Maxwell の関係式より

$$\begin{aligned} TdS &= T \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial T}\right)_V dT + T \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_T dV \\ &= C_V dT + \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T}\right)_V dV \end{aligned}$$

関係式

$$\left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T}\right)_V \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial p}\right)_T \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial V}\right)_p = -1$$

より

$$\left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T}\right)_V = -\frac{\left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T}\right)_p}{\left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial p}\right)_T} = \frac{\alpha}{\kappa_T}$$

上式に代入すると式 (3) が示される。

また、Maxwell の関係式より

$$\begin{aligned}
TdS &= T \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial T} \right)_p dT + T \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial p} \right)_T dp \\
&= C_p dT - \left( \frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_p dp \\
&= C_p dT - TV\alpha dp
\end{aligned}$$

となり、式 (4) が示される。

(b)

式 (3) と式 (4) より(問題文は (5) と (6) となっているがこれは typo です)、それらを  $V$  を止めて  $T$  に関して偏微分すると、

$$\begin{aligned}
T \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial T} \right)_V &= C_V \\
T \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial T} \right)_V &= C_p - TV\alpha \left( \frac{\partial p}{\partial T} \right)_V
\end{aligned}$$

左辺を等しいと置くと

$$C_V = C_p - TV\alpha \left( \frac{\partial p}{\partial T} \right)_V$$

(c)

上問 (a) を参照すると

$$\begin{aligned}
C_V &= C_p - TV\alpha \left( \frac{\partial p}{\partial T} \right)_V \\
&= C_p - TV\alpha \frac{\alpha}{\kappa_T} \\
&= C_p - \frac{TV\alpha^2}{\kappa_T}
\end{aligned}$$

(d)

完全気体のとき  $pV = nRT$  より

$$\begin{aligned}
\alpha &= \frac{1}{V} \left( \frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_p = \frac{nR}{pV} = \frac{1}{T} \\
\kappa_T &= -\frac{1}{V} \left( \frac{\partial V}{\partial p} \right)_T = \frac{nRT}{p^2V} = \frac{1}{p}
\end{aligned}$$

これらを用いると

$$\begin{aligned}C_V &= C_p - \frac{TV\alpha^2}{\kappa_T} \\ &= C_p - \frac{TVp}{T^2} \\ &= C_p - \frac{pV}{T} \\ &= C_p - nR\end{aligned}$$